

CO₂ Analysis Spreadsheet

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ENGR 115

This spreadsheet analyzes CO₂ data obtained in a college dorm room and calculates a ventilation rate.

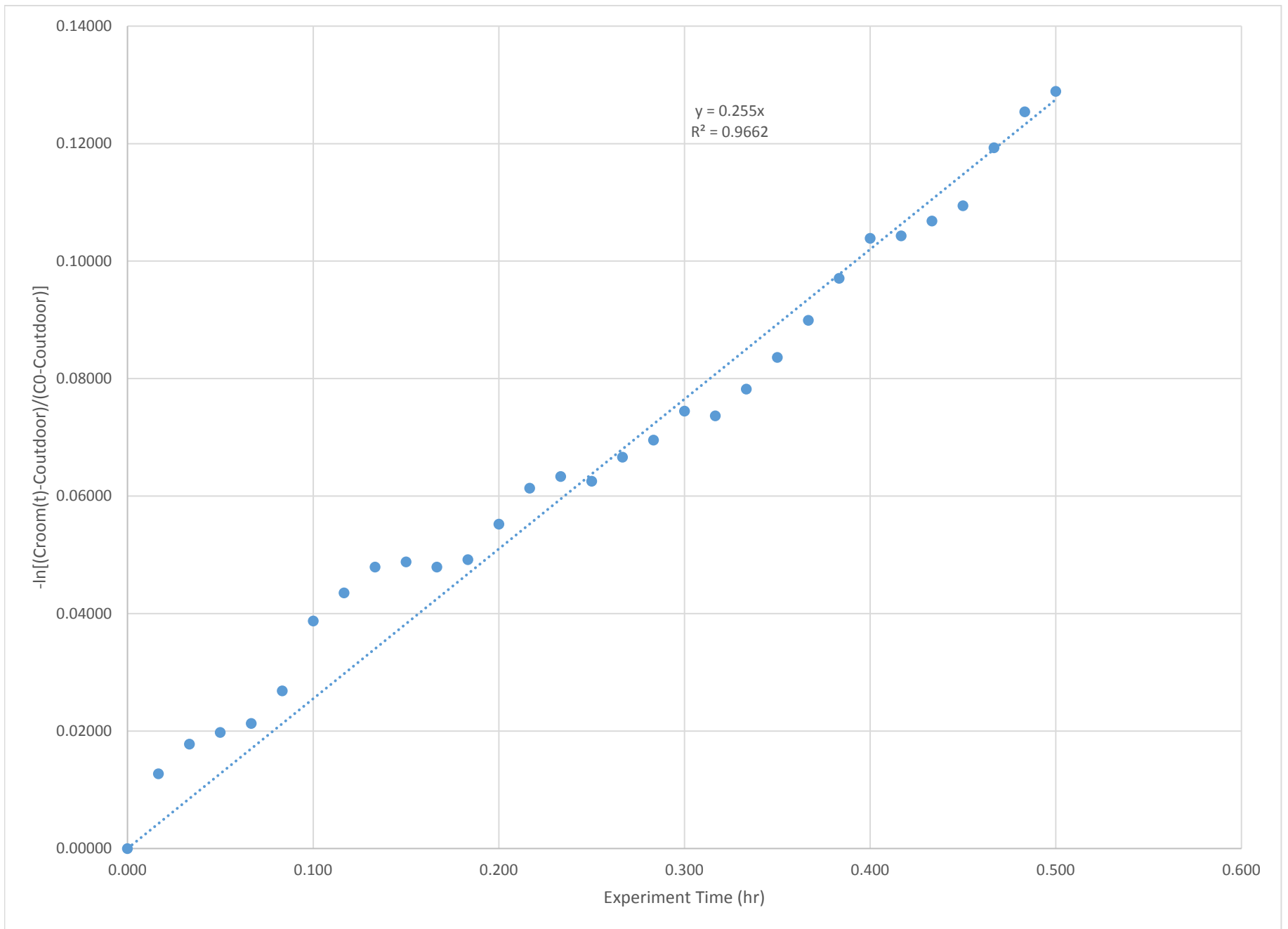
This data analysis is then used to determine the air exchange rate of the dorm room.

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 ENGR 115
 Friday 2-5pm
 10/28/2016

Input Parameters	
Measured C _{outside} (ppm)	529
Assumed C _{outside} (ppm)	400
Correction Factor (ppm)	-129
Room Volume (ft ³)	1320
Room Capacity (people)	6

Calculations	
Air Exchange Rate (1/hr)	0.2550
Time to remove non-reactive chemical (hr)	11.76
Ventilation Rate (ft ³ /min/person)	0.935

Analysis						
Measurement	Date and Time	HOBO CO ₂ Concentration	Actual CO ₂ Concentration (ppm)	Experiment Time (hr)	-ln[(C _{room} (t)-C _{outdoor})/ (C ₀ -C _{outdoor})]	
0	10/21/2016 3:28 PM	2119	1990	0.000	0.00000	
1	10/21/2016 3:29 PM	2098.9	1969.9	0.017	0.01272	
2	10/21/2016 3:30 PM	2091	1962	0.033	0.01777	
3	10/21/2016 3:31 PM	2087.9	1958.9	0.050	0.01975	
4	10/21/2016 3:32 PM	2085.5	1956.5	0.067	0.02129	
5	10/21/2016 3:33 PM	2076.9	1947.9	0.083	0.02683	
6	10/21/2016 3:34 PM	2058.6	1929.6	0.100	0.03873	
7	10/21/2016 3:35 PM	2051.3	1922.3	0.117	0.04351	
8	10/21/2016 3:36 PM	2044.6	1915.6	0.133	0.04792	
9	10/21/2016 3:37 PM	2043.3	1914.3	0.150	0.04878	
10	10/21/2016 3:38 PM	2044.6	1915.6	0.167	0.04792	
11	10/21/2016 3:39 PM	2042.7	1913.7	0.183	0.04918	
12	10/21/2016 3:40 PM	2033.6	1904.6	0.200	0.05521	
13	10/21/2016 3:41 PM	2024.4	1895.4	0.217	0.06134	
14	10/21/2016 3:42 PM	2021.4	1892.4	0.233	0.06335	
15	10/21/2016 3:43 PM	2022.6	1893.6	0.250	0.06254	
16	10/21/2016 3:44 PM	2016.5	1887.5	0.267	0.06664	
17	10/21/2016 3:45 PM	2012.2	1883.2	0.283	0.06953	
18	10/21/2016 3:46 PM	2004.9	1875.9	0.300	0.07447	
19	10/21/2016 3:47 PM	2006.1	1877.1	0.317	0.07365	
20	10/21/2016 3:48 PM	1999.4	1870.4	0.333	0.07820	
21	10/21/2016 3:49 PM	1991.5	1862.5	0.350	0.08359	
22	10/21/2016 3:50 PM	1982.3	1853.3	0.367	0.08990	
23	10/21/2016 3:51 PM	1971.9	1842.9	0.383	0.09708	
24	10/21/2016 3:52 PM	1962.1	1833.1	0.400	0.10389	
25	10/21/2016 3:53 PM	1961.5	1832.5	0.417	0.10431	
26	10/21/2016 3:54 PM	1957.9	1828.9	0.433	0.10683	
27	10/21/2016 3:55 PM	1954.2	1825.2	0.450	0.10942	
28	10/21/2016 3:56 PM	1940.2	1811.2	0.467	0.11929	
29	10/21/2016 3:57 PM	1931.6	1802.6	0.483	0.12541	
30	10/21/2016 3:58 PM	1926.7	1797.7	0.500	0.12891	



1. What is the air exchange rate (λ) of the room you tested? Be sure to include the units for the air exchange rate in your answer.
The air exchange rate (λ) of the room we tested is 0.255/hr.

2. In general it takes $3/\lambda$ hours to remove a non-reactive chemical from indoor air. Based on this time, what recommendations would you make to the occupants of the room?

According to my calculations, it would take approximately 12 hours to remove a non-reactive chemical from the indoor air of the room. Based on this time, I would recommend that the occupants of the room increase the amount of ventilation. This increase in ventilation can come from opening windows, doors, and anything that would allow air to flow through the room, instead of having all doors and windows closed. In addition, I would recommend that the occupants leave the room in order to give the chemical in the air time to ventilate out.

3. Compare your ventilation rate for a typical number of occupants to the ASHRAE recommended ventilation rate. Based on this comparison, are the occupants wasting energy heating and cooling the air or are the occupants being too cheap and not supplying enough air? Justify your answer.

Based on the comparison of ventilation rates, I believe that the occupants are being too cheap and not supplying enough air. Compared to the ASHRAE recommended ventilation rate of 15 scfm, my ventilation rate of approximately 1 cfm was far below the minimum ASHRAE standard; thus, the occupants should definitely be supplying more air into the room than they currently are in order to meet the ASHRAE standard.

4. Given the ASHRAE standard ventilation standard, what is the maximum number of people you would recommend having in this room at one time? Use your model to determine this number.

Given the ASHRAE ventilation standard and my model, I would recommend the maximum number of people present in this room at one time to be approximately $1/3$ of a person (0.374). This number indicates that an increase of ventilation in the room is definitely needed if the occupants want to limit/decrease their exposure time to non-reactive chemicals from the indoor air.